From: Region3 Info

To: Jackson, Darnell (djackson@saginawcounty.com); Leek-Booker, Jennifer (jbooker@saginawcounty.com); Tara

Hofmeister (thofmeister@saginawcounty.com)

Cc: <u>Nicholas Wood</u>; <u>Region3 Info</u>

Subject: C10, 2022-04, Friend of the Court Alternate Dispute Resolution - Approved

**Date:** Friday, August 5, 2022 2:26:55 PM

Attachments: <u>image001.png</u>

C10, 2022-04, Friend of the Court Alternate Dispute Resolution - Approved Rescinds 2019-06

This is to advise that we have reviewed the above referenced administrative order and find that it conforms to the requirements of MCR 8.112(B). This order is being accepted and filed.

Sincerely,

Mick Wood

Regional Administrator - Region III Michigan Supreme Court - SCAO PO Box 750 Mt. Pleasant, Michigan 48804 (989) 772-5934 (989) 773-0457 fax

woodn@courts.mi.gov



ACCESS · TRANSPARENCY · TRUST

This message has been prepared on computer equipment and resources owned by the Michigan Supreme Court. It is subject to the terms and conditions of the Court's Computer Acceptable Use Policy.

#### STATE OF MICHIGAN



#### SAGINAW COUNTY TRIAL COURT 111 South Michigan Avenue Saginaw, MI 48602-2086

Telephone (989) 790-5470

Facsimile (989) 793-8180

	JĮ	JD	GES	:
--	----	----	-----	---

JAMES T. BORCHARD

DARNELL JACKSON
CHIEF JUDGE

M. RANDALL JURRENS
JANET M. BOES
TERRY L. CLARK

CHIEF JUDGE PRO-TEM

PATRICK J. MCGRAW

ELIAN FICHTNER

BARBARA METER

A. T. FRANK

MANYEL TRICE III

10<sup>th</sup> Circuit Court Local Administrative Order 2022 – 04

Rescinds 10th Circuit Court Local Administrative Order 2019-06

# FRIEND OF THE COURT ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

#### IT IS ORDERED:

Pursuant to MCR 3.224, the following is adopted at the  $10^{th}$  Circuit Court as the Friend of the Court Alternative Dispute Resolution Plan:

## (A) Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) – General Provisions

The 10<sup>th</sup> Circuit Court has determined that Friend of the Court (FOC) ADR can assist parties and the court in resolving custody, parenting time, and support disputes.

- 1) The 10<sup>th</sup> Circuit Court will use the following ADR practices:
  - a) FOC domestic relations mediation as established in MCL 552.513 and MCR 3.224.
  - b) Referee settlement conferences pursuant to MCR 3.215.
- 2) The 10<sup>th</sup> Circuit Court may use the following ADR practices:
  - a) Facilitative and information-gathering conference as established in MCR 3.224.
  - b) Joint meetings established in MCL 552.642a and MCR 3.224.

- All FOC cases must be screened for domestic violence using SCAO's screening protocol before the ADR process begins. If domestic violence is identified or suspected, the ADR process may not continue unless the protected party submits a written consent and the FOC takes additional precautions to ensure the safety of the protected party and court staff. Throughout the ADR process, the mediator or facilitator must make reasonable efforts to screen for the presence of coercion or violence that would make ADR physically or emotionally unsafe for any participant or that would impede achieving a voluntary and safe resolution of issues.
- 4) In accordance with MCL 552.505a, the FOC may provide ADR services for all open FOC cases that qualify for FOC ADR services.
- A party may object to FOC ADR under MCR 3.224(E). An objection must be based on one or more of the factors listed in MCR 3.224(D)(2):
  - a) child abuse or neglect;
  - b) domestic abuse, unless the protected party submits a written consent and the friend of the court takes additional precautions to ensure the safety of the protected party and court staff;
  - c) inability of one or both parties to negotiate for themselves at the ADR, unless attorneys for both parties will be present at the ADR session;
  - d) reason to believe that one or both parties' health or safety would be endangered by ADR; or
  - e) for other good cause shown.
  - and must allege facts in support of the objection. Timely objections must be made in accordance with MCR 3.224(E).
- Parties who are, or have been, subject to a personal protection order or other protective order or who are involved in a past or present child abuse and neglect proceeding may not be referred to FOC ADR without a hearing to determine whether FOC ADR is appropriate. The court may order ADR if a protected party requests it without holding a hearing.
- 7) The FOC may exempt cases from ADR based on MCR 3.224(D)(2). The FOC shall notify the court when it exempts a case from FOC ADR. If the FOC exempts a case from ADR, a party may file a motion and schedule a hearing to request the court to order FOC ADR.
- 8) Attorneys of record will be allowed to attend, and participate in, all FOC ADR processes, or elect not to attend upon mutual agreement with opposing counsel and their client.

- 9) Participants in an ADR process may not record the ADR proceeding.
- 10) The FOC shall provide a report with each FOC ADR proposed consent order containing sufficient information to allow the court to make an independent determination that the proposed order is in the child's best interest.
- When the parties do not resolve some or all of the issues in a facilitative and information-gathering conference or when the FOC submits a proposed order following a joint meeting, the FOC shall submit a report containing the parties' agreed-upon and disputed facts and issues.
- Qualifications: FOC ADR providers have met the training and qualifications established by SCAO and approved by the chief judge or have been approved subject to conditions established by SCAO.
- 13) Public Access to FOC ADR Plan: The FOC will make the FOC ADR plan available on the FOC's website.

## (B) Submitting Cases to ADR

- On written stipulation of the parties, on motion of a party, or on the court's initiative, the court may order any contested prejudgment and postjudgment custody, parenting time, or support issue in a domestic relations case to FOC mediation by written order.
- 2) All prejudgment divorce and custody cases (DM and DC case suffix) are ordered to a settlement conference for custody, parenting time and child support with the Friend of the Court Referee.
- 3) The FOC may schedule a facilitative information gathering conference to address pre or post-judgment custody, parenting time, and support disputes.
- 4) On written stipulation of the parties, on motion of a party, on the court's own initiative, the court may order the parties to attend a joint meeting postjudgment.
- 5) The FOC may schedule a joint meeting with parties to a postjudgment custody, parenting time, and support dispute

## (C) ADR Procedures

#### 1) FOC Domestic Relations Mediation

FOC domestic relations mediation is a process in which a neutral third party facilitates confidential communication between parties to explore solutions to settle custody and parenting time or support issues for FOC cases.

- a) **Objection to Mediation:** A party who is ordered to FOC domestic relations mediation may file a written motion to remove the case from FOC mediation and a notice of hearing of the motion and serve a copy on all parties or their attorneys of record within 14 days after receiving notice of the order. The motion must be set for hearing within 14 days after it is filed, unless the hearing is adjourned by agreement of counsel or the court orders otherwise. A timely objection will be heard before the case is mediated by the FOC.
- b) **FOC Domestic Relations Mediation Procedures:** FOC domestic relations mediation will be conducted by a mediator selected by the FOC.
  - i. At the beginning of the mediation, the mediator will advise the parties and their attorneys, if applicable, of the following:
    - a) The purpose of mediation;
    - b) How the mediator will conduct mediation;
    - c) Except as provided for in MCR 2.412(D)(8), statements made during the mediation process are confidential and cannot be used in court proceedings and cannot be recorded.
  - ii. If the parties reach an agreement, the mediator shall submit a proposed order and a report pursuant to MCR 3.224(I) within seven days.
  - iii. If the parties do not reach an agreement within seven days of the completion of mediation, the mediator shall so advise the court stating only the date of completion of the process, who participated in the mediation, whether settlement was reached, and whether additional FOC ADR proceedings are contemplated.
  - iv. With the exceptions provided for in MCR 2.412(D), communications during FOC domestic relations mediation process are confidential and cannot be used in court proceedings and cannot be recorded.

### 2) Facilitative and Information-Gathering Conference

An FOC facilitative and information-gathering conference is a process in which a facilitator assists the parties in reaching an agreement regarding custody, parenting time, and support. If the parties fail to reach an agreement, the facilitator may prepare a report and/or recommended order.

## a. Objections to a Facilitative and Information-Gathering Conference:

- i. To object to a FOC facilitative and information-gathering conference, a party must include the objection within the pleading or post-judgment motion initiating the action, a responsive pleading or answer, or file the objection within 14 days of the date that the notice is sent to the party. All objections must be filed with the court.
- ii. The objecting party must schedule the hearing and serve a copy of the objection and notice of hearing on all parties and/or attorneys of record.
- iii. If a party timely objects, the FOC shall not hold a facilitative and information-gathering conference unless the court orders a conference after motion and hearing, or the objecting party withdraws the objection.
- **b. FOC Facilitative and Information-Gathering Conference Procedures:** An FOC facilitative and information-gathering conference shall use the following procedures:
  - i. At the beginning of the conference, the facilitator will advise the parties and their attorneys, if applicable, of the following:
    - a) The purpose of the conference and how the facilitator will conduct the conference and submit an order or recommendation to the court under MCR 3.224(F);
    - b) How information gathered during the conference will be used;
    - c) That statements made during the conference are not confidential and can be used in other court proceedings, and shall not be recorded; and
    - d) That the parties are expected to provide information as required by MCL 552.603 to the FOC and the consequences of not doing so.
  - ii. If the parties resolve all contested issues, the facilitator shall submit a report and recommendation and shall provide a proposed order to the court setting forth the parties' agreements.
  - iii. If the parties do not resolve all contested issues at the FIG conference, or if the parties agree to resolve all or some contested

issues but do not sign the proposed order, the facilitator will submit a report and recommendation and may do one of the following:

- a) Prepare and forward a recommended order to the court within seven (7) days from the date of the conference. The court may enter the recommended order if it approves the order and must serve it on all parties and attorneys of record within seven (7) days after the date the court enters the order. Accompanying the order must be a notice that a party may object to the order by filing a written objection to the court within 21 days after the date of service and by scheduling a hearing. If a party objects, the order remains in effect pending a hearing on a party's objection unless the court orders otherwise.
- iv. A party may consent to entry of a recommended order by signing a copy of the order at the time of the conference or after receiving the recommended order. A party who consents to entry of the order waives the right to object to the order and must file a motion to set the order aside once it enters.
- v. Except for communications made during domestic violence screening, communications made during a facilitative and information-gathering conference are not confidential and may be used in court proceedings.

## 3) Joint Meetings

Joint meetings are a process in which a person discusses proposed solutions with the parties to a custody or parenting time complaint or an objection to an FOC support recommendation.

### a. Objection to a Joint Meeting:

- i. To object to a joint meeting, the party must file a written objection with the FOC and provide a copy to all parties and their attorneys of record before the time scheduled for the joint meeting.
- ii. If a party files an objection, the FOC shall not hold a joint meeting unless the court orders a joint meeting following a hearing on motion of a party or the objecting party withdraws the objection.

## **b. Joint Meeting Procedures:** Joint meetings shall be conducted as follows:

i. At the beginning of a joint meeting, the person conducting the meeting shall do the following:

- a) Advise the parties that statements made during the joint meeting are not confidential and can be used in other court proceedings;
- b) Advise the parties that the purpose of the meeting is for the parties to reach an accommodation and how the person will conduct the meeting; and
- c) Advise the parties that the person may recommend an order to the court to resolve the dispute and explain to the parties the information provided for in MCR 3.224(H)(1)(d)-(e).
- ii. At the conclusion of a joint meeting, the person conducting the meeting shall either terminate the meeting without further action or do one of the following within seven days:
  - a) If the parties reach an accommodation, record the accommodation in writing and provide a copy to the parties and attorneys of record. If the accommodation modifies an order, the person must submit a proposed order and a report pursuant to MCR 3.224(I) to the court. If the court approves the order, the court shall enter it; or
  - b) Submit an order to the court stating the person's recommendation for resolving the dispute with a report pursuant to MCR 3.224(I). The parties may consent by signing the recommended order and waiving the objection period in accordance with MCR 3.224(H)(1)(e)(iii). If the court approves the order, the court shall enter it.
- iii. If the person conducting the joint meeting submits a recommended order to the court, the FOC must serve the parties and attorneys of record with a copy of the order and a notice that provides the following information:
  - a) That the court may enter the recommended order resolving the dispute unless a party objects to the order in writing within 21 days after the notice is sent;
  - b) The objection must be sent to the Friend of the Court Office, 111 S. Michigan Ave. Saginaw, MI 48602.
  - c) That a party may waive the 21-day objection period by returning a signed copy of the recommended order;

- d) If a party files a written objection within the 21-day limit, the FOC shall set a court hearing before a judge or referee to resolve the dispute. If a party fails to file a written objection within the 21-day limit, the FOC shall submit the proposed order to the court for entry if the court approves it;
- e) Except for communications made during domestic violence screening, communications made during a joint meeting are not confidential and may be used in other court proceedings and can be recorded.

Dated: August 4, 2022

Darnell Jackson Chief Judge, Saginaw County Trial Courts